MAGARENG LOCAL MUNICIPALITY



UNAUTHORISED, FRUITLESS & WASTEFUL, IRREGULAR EXPENDITURE POLICY

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CONTENTS

ABBREVIATIONS/ACRONYMS		
1	INTRODUCTION	4
2	OBJECTIVE	4
3	ENABLING LEGISLATION	5
4	APPLICATION OF THIS POLICY	5
5	DEFINITIONS	6
6	UNAUTHORISEDEXPENDITURE	9
7	IRREGULAREXPENDITURE	12
8	FRUITLESS AND WASTEFULEXPENDITURE	13
9	REPORTING ON UNAUTHORISED, IRREGULAR, FRUITLESS AND WASTEFULEXPENDITURE	15
10	MAINTAINING OF REGISTER FOR UIF & W	17
11	INVESTIGATION OF UIF & W	
12	DISCIPLINARY AND CRIMINAL CHARGES FOR UIF&W	18
13	RECOVERY OF UIF& W	19
14	CONSEQUENCES OFNON-COMPLIANCE	20
15	PROTECTION OF OFFICIALS OR COUNCILLORS WHO HAVE REPORTED UIF&W	21
16	EFFECTIVEDATE	22
17	REVIEW DEPOLICY	22

ABBREVIATIONS/ACRONYMS

Except if otherwise stated in this policy, the following abbreviations or acronyms will represent the following words:

CFO - Chief Financial Officer

MIG - Municipal Infrastructure Grant

MLM - Magareng Local Municipality

MFMA - Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003, No. 56 of 2003

MPAC - MunicipalPublic Account Committee

MM or AO - Municipal Manager or Accounting Officer

SAPS - South African Police Services

MSA - Municipal Systems Act, 2000, No. Act 32 of 2000

Structures Act - Municipal Structures Act, 1998, Act No 117 of 1998

RPOBA - Remuneration of Public Office Bearers Act

Policy - Policy on unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure

UIF &W Unauthorised, Irregular, Fruitless and Wasteful Expenditure

MBRR - Municipality Budget Rules and Regulations

1 INTRODUCTION

- 1.1 In terms of section 62 of the Municipal Finance Management Act No. 56 of 2003 (herein referred to as "MFMA"), the accounting officer is responsible for managing the financial affairs of Magareng Local Municipality and he/she must, for this purpose, interalia:
 - a) Take all reasonable steps to ensure that unauthorised, irregular; fruitless and wasteful expenditure and other losses are prevented; and
 - b) Ensure that disciplinary or, when appropriate, criminal proceedings are instituted against any official or councillor of Magareng Local Municipality who has allegedly committed an act of financial misconduct or an offence in terms of Chapter 15 of theMFMA.
- 1.2. This is to ensure the effective, efficient and transparent systems of financial, risk management and internal control.

2 OBJECTIVE

- 2.1. ThisdocumentsetsoutMagareng Local Municipality'spolicyandprocedureswithregards to unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wastefulexpenditure.
- 2.2. This policy aims to ensure that, amongst otherthings:
 - unauthorised, irregular, or fruitless and wasteful expenditure is detected, processed, recorded, and reported in a timelymanner;
 - Officials and councillors have a clear and comprehensive understanding of the procedures they
 must follow when addressing unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wastefulexpenditure;
 - c) Magareng Local Municipality's resources are managed in compliance with the MFMA ,the municipal regulations and other relevant legislation ;and

d) All officials and councillors are aware of their responsibilities in respect of unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wastefulexpenditure.

3 ENABLING LEGISLATION

The following enabling legislation sets the precedent for the development of Magareng Local Municipality's unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure Policy:

- a) The Constitution of the Republic of South Africa, 1996, Act No 108of 1996;
- b) The Municipal Finance Management Act, 2003, No 56 of 2003;
- c) The Remuneration of Public Office BearersAct;
- d) Municipal Systems Act, 2000, Act No 32 of 2000;
- e) MFMA Circular68;
- f) Municipal Structures Act No. 117 of 1998. and
- g) Any other legislation, regulation or circular that may ia committee of council this policy;

4 APPLICATION OF THIS POLICY

- 4.1.1 This policy applies to all officials and councillors of Magareng Local Municipality.
- 4.1.2 This policy should be read in conjunction with the following of Magareng Local Municipality:
 - a) Delegations of Authority;
 - b) Procedures for unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure;
 - c) Magareng Supply Chain Management Policy
 - d) Breach of the Code of Conduct for Municipal Staff Members; and
 - e) Breach of the Code of Conduct for Councillors.
- 4.1.3 Officials and Councillors must ensure all instances of unauthorised, irregular expenditure as well as fruitless and wasteful expenditure is prevented where possible, and is detected and reported in a timelymanner.

Except if otherwise indicated:

"Councillor" means member of municipal council of Magareng Local Municipality.

"Fruitless and wasteful expenditure" means expenditure that was madein vain and would have been avoided had reasonable care been exercised.

"Financial Misconduct" means any misappropriation, mismanagement, waste or theft of the finances of a municipality, and also includes any form of financial misconduct specifically set out in sections 171 and 172 of the Act.

"Irregular expenditure", in relation to a municipality or municipal entity, means:

- a) expenditure incurred by a municipality in contravention of, or that is not in accordance with, a requirement of this Act, and which has not been condoned in terms of section170; expenditure incurred by a municipality in contravention of, or that is not in accordance with, a requirement of the Municipal Systems Act, and whichhas not been condoned in terms of thisAct;
- b) expenditure incurred by a municipality in contravention of, or that is not in accordance with, a requirement of the Public Office-Bearers Act, 1998, (Act 20 of1998);
- c) expenditure incurred by a municipality in contravention of, or that is not in accordance with, a requirement of the supply chain management policy of Magareng Local Municipalityoranyofthemunicipality'sby-lawsgivingeffecttosuchpolicy, and which has not been condoned in terms of such policy or by-law;or
- d) excludes expenditure by a municipality which falls within the definition of unauthorised expenditure.

"Official",in relation to Magareng Local Municipality, means:

- a) an employee of Magareng Local Municipality;
- a person seconded to Magareng Local Municipality or to work as a member of the staff of the Magareng Local Municipality; or
- c) a person contracted by Magareng Local Municipality to work as a member of the staff of the Magareng Local Municipality or otherwise than as anemployee.

"Overspending" means:

- a) in relation to the budget of a municipality, means causing the operational or capital expenditure incurred by the municipality during a financial year to exceed the total amount appropriated in that year's budget for its operational or capital expenditure, as the case maybe;
- b) In relation to a vote, means causing expenditure under the vote to exceedthe amount appropriated for that vote; or
- c) In relation to expenditure under section 26, means causing expenditure under that section to exceed the limits allowed in subsection (5) of that section.

"Political Office Bearer" means the speaker, executive mayor, mayor, deputy mayor, or a member of the executive committee as referred to in the Municipal Structures Act.

"Prohibited expenditure" in relation to this policy means unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure;

"Senior Manager" has the meaning assigned to it in section 1 of the MFMA and in relation to Magareng Local Municipality refers to Executive Managers including the CFO.

"Unauthorised expenditure", means: any expenditure incurred by a municipality otherwise than in accordance with section or 11(3), and includes-

- a) Over spending of the total amount appropriated in the municipality's approved budget;
- b) overspending of the total amount appropriated for a vote in the approved budget;
- c) expenditure from a vote unrelated to the department or functional area covered by thevote;
- d) expenditure of money appropriated for a specific purpose, otherwise than for that specificpurpose;
- e) spending of an allocation referred to in paragraph (b), (c) or (d) of the definition of allocation otherwise than in accordance with any conditions of the allocation ;or
- f) a grant by Magareng Local Municipality otherwise than in accordance with the MFMA.

Vote*means:

- (a) One of the main segments into which a budget of a municipality is divided for the appropriation of money for the different department or functional areas of the municipality; and
- (b) which specifies the total amount that is appropriated for the purposes of the department or functional area concerned.

6 UNAUTHORISEDEXPENDITURE

- 6.1. Magareng Local Municipality may incur expenditure only in terms of an approved budget and within the limits of the amounts appropriated for the different votes in an approvedbudget.
- 6.2. Expenditure incurred within the ambit of Magareng Local Municipality's virement policy is not regarded as unauthorized expenditure.
- 6.3. Any expenditure that has not been budgeted for, expenditure that is not in terms of the conditions of an allocation received from another sphere of government, economic entity or organ of state and expenditure in the form of a grant that is not permitted in terms of the MFMA is regarded as unauthorised expenditure.
- **6.4** Unauthorised expenditure wouldinclude:
 - Any overspending in relation to both the operational budget and capital budget of themunicipality;
 - b) Overspending in relation to each of the votes on both the operational budget and capitalbudget;
 - Use funds allocated to one department for purposes of another department or for purposes that are not provided for in thebudget;
 - Funds that have been designated for a specific purpose or project within departments vote may not be used for any other purpose;
 - e) Any use of conditional grant funds for a purpose other than that specified in the relevant conditional grant framework is classified as unauthorized expenditure;
 - Any grant to an individual or household unless it is in terms of the municipality's indigent policy, bursary scheme, corporate social responsibility policy, councillors discretionary grant or the grants-in-aid;

- g) Unforeseen and unavoidable expenditure not authorised within an adjustments budget within
 60 days after the expenditure was incurred; and
- h) Any overspending on non-cash items, for example depreciation, impairments, provisions.
- 6.5 Officials and councillors must ensure that all instances of fruitless and wasteful expenditure are prevented where possible, and are detected and reported in a timelymanner
- 6.6 Expenditures that are NOT classified as unauthorized expenditure

Given the definition of unauthorised expenditure, the following are examples of expenditure that are NOT unauthorised expenditure:

- i. Any over-collection on the revenue side of the budget as this is not an expenditure; and
- ii. any of the transactions mentioned in section 11(1)(a) to (j) of theMFMA;
- iii. re-allocation of funds and the use of such funds in accordance with a council approved virementpolicy;
- iv. overspending of an amount allocated by standard classification on the main budget Table A2 (Budgeted Financial Performance: revenue and expenditure by standard classification), as long as it does not result in overspending of a vote on the main budget Table A3 (Budgeted Financial Performance: revenue and expenditure by municipal vote) and Table A4 (Budgeted Financial Performance: revenue and expenditure (read in conjunction with supporting Table SA1) of the MBRR and
- v. overspending of an amount allocated by standard classification on themain budget Table A5 (Budgeted Capital Expenditure by vote, standard classification and funding) of the MBRR so long as it does not result in overspending of a "vote on the main budget Table A5.
- 6.7 Money withdrawn from a bank account under the following circumstances, without appropriation, in terms of an approved budget, is not regarded as unauthorized expenditure:
- 6.7.1.1 To defray expenditure authorised in terms of section 26 (4) of the MFMA, [Section 26: Consequences of failure to approve a budget before the start of the budget year];
- 6.7.1.2 To defray unforeseen / unavoidable expenditure circumstances strictly in accordance with Section 29 (1) of the MFMA [Section 29: Unforeseen and unavoidable expenditure] failing which the unforeseen /unavoidable expenditure is unauthorised;

- 6.7.1.3 re-allocation of funds and the use of such funds in accordance with a council approved virementpolicy;
- 6.7.1.4 Expenditure incurred from a special bank account for relief, charitable or trust purposes provided of course that it is done strictly in accordancewith Section 12 of the MFMA [Section 12: Relief, charitable, trust or other funds];
- 6.7.1.5 To pay over to a person or organ of state money received by the Magareng Local Municipality on behalf of that person or organ of state, including—
- 6.7.1.6 Money collected by the Magareng Local Municipality on behalf of that person or organ of state by agreement; or any insurance or other payments received by the Magareng Local Municipality for that person or organ of state;
- 6.7.1.7 To refund money incorrectly paid into a bankaccount;
- 6.7.1.8 To refund guarantees, sureties and securitydeposits;
- 6.7.1.9 Any incidental expenditure incurred and is further approved in the special adjustment budget.
- 6.7.1.10 For cash management and investment purposes in accordance with section 13 [Section 13: Cash Management and Investments]; and
- 6.7.1.11 To defray increased expenditure in terms of section31

[Section 31: Shifting of funds between multi-year appropriations].

6.8 Any expenditure approved in terms the Municipal Budget and Reporting Regulations(MBRR).

IRREGULAREXPENDITURE

- 7.1. Irregular expenditure is expenditure that is contrary to the Municipal Finance Management Act (Act No.56 of 2003), the Municipal Systems Act (Act No.32of 2000), and the Public Office Bearers Act (Act No. 20 of 1998) or is in contravention the Municipality's upplychain management policy.
- 7.2. Irregular expenditure is actually expenditure that is in violation of some or another procedural/legislative requirement as specified in the MFMA.
- 7.3. Irregular expenditure excludes unauthorized expenditure.
- 7.4. The Accounting Officer will identify irregular expenditure when an expense has been incurred in terms of GRAP 1.

7.5. Remuneration of councillors

- 7.5.1. Payments to Magareng Local Municipality councillors cannot exceed the upper limits of the salaries, allowances and benefits for those councillors as promulgated in the Public Officers BearersAct.
- 7.5.2. Any remuneration paid or given in cash or in kind to a person as a councillor or as a member of a political structure of Magareng Local Municipality otherwise than in accordance with 7.6.1 including any bonus, bursary, loan, advance or other benefit, must be classified as irregular expenditure.

7.6. Irregular staffappointments

- 7.6.1. No person may be employed in Magareng Local Municipality unless the post to which he or she is appointed, is provided for in the Magareng Local Municipality's staff establishment of the municipality as approved by the council.
- 7.6.2. Any person who takes a decision contemplated in subparagraph (7.7.1) knowing that such decision is unlawful, will be held personally liable for any irregular or fruitless and wasteful expenditure that the municipality may incur as a result of such invalid decision.

7.8 Officials and councillors must ensure that all instances of fruitless and wasteful expenditure are prevented where possible and are detected and reported in a timelymanner.

8 FRUITLESS AND WASTEFULEXPENDITURE

- 8.1. All officials and councillors must always act cautiously when spending public money and ensure that they abide by the public and accountabilityprinciples
 - which are to promote "efficient, economic and effective use of resources and the attainment of value for money".
- 8.2. Fruitless and wasteful expenditure is expenditure that was made in vain and would have been avoided had reasonable care been exercised.
- 8.3. This type of expenditure is incurred where no value for money is received for expenditure or the use of resources. No particular expenditure is explicitly identified by the MFMA as fruitless andwasteful.
- 8.4. Expenditure incurred that has been budgeted for (authorised) and was not regarded as irregular expenditure could be classified as fruitless and wasteful expenditure.
- 8.5.1 An expense is only fruitless and wasteful in terms of this policyif:
 - (i) It was made in vain (meaning that the municipality did not receivevalue for money)and;
 - (ii) and would have been avoided had reasonable care been exercised (meaning that the official or councillor concerned did not carelessly or negligently cause the expenditure to be incurred by the municipality furthermore another official or councillor under the same circumstances would not have been able to avoid incurring the same expenditure).

- 8.5.2 In determining whether expenditure is fruitless and wasteful, officials and councillors must apply the requirement of reasonable care as an objective measurement to determine whether or not a particular expenditure was fruitless and wasteful, thatis
 - a) Would the average man (in this case the average experienced official or councillor) have incurred the particular expenditure under exactly the same conditions or circumstances?and
 - b) Is the expenditure being incurred at the right price, right quality, right time and right quantity?
- 8.6 Officials and councillors must ensure that all instances of fruitless and wasteful expenditure are prevented where possible, and are detected and reported in a timelymanner.

- 9.1. Reporting of unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure must be done at the appropriate level, as this could constitute financial misconduct as follows:
 - a) A Councillor of a municipality, must be reported to the Speaker of the council;
 - b) The municipal manager and speaker, must be reported to themayor;
 - c) Directors or the chief financial officer, of a municipality, must be reported to the municipalmanager;
 - d) All cases of prohibited expenditure reported as per a), b) and c)above must be referred to a committee of council for investigation in terms of s32 of the MFMA and
 - e) Officials below Director level of the municipality must be reported to the CFO unless in the professional opinion of the CFO or MM the nature or the amount of the prohibited expenditure warrants the case to be referred to A COMMITTEE OF COUNCIL.
 - f) Where officials or councillors are responsible or alleged to be responsible for causing the unauthorised, irregular fruitless and wasteful expenditure this should be dealt with in accordance with Financial Misconduct Regulations.
- 9.2. All reports made by officials, councillors must be treated with utmost confidentially.
- 9.3. The MM must promptly inform the Mayor, the MEC for local government inthe Province and the Auditor-General, in writing, of any unauthorised, irregular or fruitless and wasteful expenditure incurred by themunicipality:
 - a) whether any person is responsible or under investigation for such unauthorised, irregular or fruitless and wasteful expenditure; and

- b) the steps that have beentaken:
 - To recover or rectify such expenditure; and
 - To prevent a recurrence of such expenditure.
- 9.4. All expenditure classified as unauthorised, irregular, fruitless andwasteful expenditure must be reported to:
 - a) The Finance Portfolio Committee on a monthlybasis;
 - b) Mayoral Committee on a quarterlybasis;
 - c) Council on a quarterlybasis;
 - d) A committee of council at least on a quarterly basis ;and
 - e) Audit Committee on a quarterlybasis.
- 9.5. In accounting for unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure, municipal manager or delegated officials (as may be relevant) must ensure that:
 - All such expenditure is disclosed in the annual financial statements as required by the MFMA and treasury requirements; and
 - b) Details pertaining to unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expendituremust bedisclosedintheMunicipality's AnnualReport.

10 MAINTAINING OF REGISTER FOR UIF & W

- 10.1. Council must maintain a register of all incidents of unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure:
 - a) This register will be maintained by the CFO for all officials other than the CFO andMM;
 - b) A separate register must be maintained by the MM for expenditure incurred byCFO;
 - A separate register must be maintained by the Mayor for expenditure incurred by the MM;and
 - d) The Speaker will maintain a register for expenditure incurred by the Mayor and Councillors.
- 10.2. These registers must be updated on a monthlybasis.

11 INVESTIGATION OF UIF & W

- 11.1. a committee of council must institute an investigation of all prohibited expenditure reported in terms of clause 9.1. (d), above. The CFO must seek the Municipal Managers approval to investigation all prohibited expenditure reported to him/her in terms of clause 9.1(e) unless the allegations are frivolous, vexatious, speculative or obviouslyunfounded.
- 11.2. Once the nature of the expenditure is confirmed as unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure, the person to whom the prohibited expenditure was reported in terms of clause 9.1 above must institute the necessary procedures which could include referring the case to the disciplinary board or such procedures as may be appropriate in terms of the Financial Misconduct Regulations as well criminal proceedings in some situations.

12 DISCIPLINARY AND CRIMINAL CHARGES FOR UIF&W

- 12.1After having followed a proper investigation, as per paragraph 11 above, a committee of council or the CFO as the case may be must determine whether there is a prima facie case and that a Councillor or official made, permitted or authorized prohibited expenditure.
- 12.2If a prima facie case has been established, as per paragraph 12.1 above, then a committee of council, mayor or municipal manager (as may be relevant) must institute disciplinary action as follows:
 - 12.2.1 Financial misconduct in terms of section 171 of the MFMA: in the case of an official that deliberately ornegligently:
 - (i) contravened a provision of the MFMA which resulted in prohibited expenditure; or
 - (ii) made, permitted or authorised an irregular expenditure (due to non- compliance with any of legislation mentioned in the definition of irregular expenditure);
 - 12.2.2 Breach of the Code of Conduct for Municipal Staff Members: in the case of an official whose actions in making, permitting or authorizing an prohibited expenditure constitute a breach of the Code; and
 - 12.2.3 Breach of the Code of Conduct for Councillors: in the case of a Councillor, whose actions in making, permitting or authorizing an irregular expenditure constitute a breach of the Code. This would also include instances where a councillor knowingly voted in favour or agreed with a resolution before council that contravened legislation resulting in prohibited expenditure when implemented, or where the Councillor improperly interfered in the management or administration of the municipality.
- 12.3 the a committee of council, mayor or municipal manager or delegated officials (as may be relevant) must promptly report to the SAPS all cases of alleged:
 - 12.3.1 Irregular expenditure that constitute a criminal offence; and
 - 12.3.2 Theft and fraud that occurred in themunicipality.

- 12.4 The Mayor must take all reasonable steps to ensure that all cases referred to in the above paragraph are reported to the South African Police Serviceif:
 - 12.4.1 The charge is against the MM;or
 - 12.4.2 The MM fails to comply with the aboveparagraph.

13 RECOVERY OF UIF& W

- 13.1 The MM or delegated person must recover unauthorised, irregular or fruitless and wasteful expenditure from the person liable for that expenditure unless the expenditure:
 - 13.1.1 in the case of unauthorised expenditure, is
 - I. authorised in an adjustment budget or Special Adjustment budget;OR
 - certified by the municipal council, after investigation by a committee of council, as irrecoverable and is written off by council; and
 - 13.1.2 in the case of irregular or fruitless and wasteful expenditure, is after investigation by a committee of council, certified by council as irrecoverable and written off bycouncil.
- 13.2 Irregular expenditures resulting from breaches of the Public Office-Bearers Act must be recovered from the Councillor to whom it was paid.

- 13.3 Once it has been established who is liable for the unauthorised, irregular, fruitless and wasteful expenditure, the Municipal Manager must in writing request that the liable Councillor or official pay the amount within 30 days or come up with payment terms.
- 13.4 Without limiting liability in terms of the common law or other legislation, the MM must recover any such expenditure, in full, from official or Councillor where:
 - 13.4.1 In the case of a Councillor, the Councillor knowingly or after having been advised by the MM that the expenditure is likely to result in unauthorised, irregular or fruitless and wasteful expenditure, instructed an official of Magareng Local Municipality to incur the expenditure; and
 - 13.4.2 In case of the official, the official deliberately or negligently incurred such expenditure.
- 13.5 The fact that the Council may have approved the expenditure for writing off or deemed it to be irrecoverable is no excusein:
 - 13.5.1 Either disciplinary or criminal proceedings against a person chargedwith the commission of an offence or a breach of the MFMA relating to such unauthorised, irregular or fruitless and wasteful expenditure; or
 - 13.5.2 Recovery of such expenditure from suchperson.
- 13.6 If the official or councillor fails to make satisfactory payment arrangements or fails to honour payment arrangements made, the amount owed for prohibited expenditure must be recovered through the normal debt collection process of themunicipality.

14 CONSEQUENCES OF NON-COMPLIANCE

14.1 Any official or councillor who does not comply with their reporting duties in terms of this policy could be found guilty of FinancialMisconduct.

14.2 Any councillor or official of Magareng Local Municipality will be committing an act of financial misconduct if that councillor or official deliberately or negligently makes or permits, or instructs another official of Magareng Local Municipality to make, an unauthorised, irregular or fruitless and wastefulexpenditure.

15 PROTECTION OF OFFICIALS OR COUNCILLORS WHO HAVE REPORTED UIF&W

- 15.1 If any official or councillor who has complied with this policy and as a result thereof has been subjected to intimidation, victimisation, threats such official or councillor should immediately report such threats, victimisation or intimidation immediately to the MM or the Mayor whereapplicable.
- 15.2 The MM or Mayor must immediately take appropriate action to ensure that protection of the official or councillor after receiving the abovereport.
- 15.3 Where the nature of the threats warrants such action, the threats should be reported to the SAPS by the official concerned, the MM or the Mayor, where applicable.

16 EFFECTIVEDATE

This policy will be effective upon adoption by Council.

17 REVIEW OFPOLICY

This policy must be reviewed and updated:

- a) Annually in line with the budget cycle and submitted with the budget policies; or
- b) Sooner if new legislation, regulation or circulars are issued that will cancel thispolicy.

DATE OF ADOPTION: 30 MAY 2023

DATE OF IMPLEMENTATION: 01 JULY 2023

SIGNATURE OF ACTING MUNICPAL MANAGER:....

DATE: 30 MAY 2023